Aleksandr Kolchenko

Aleksandr/Oleksandr Kolchenko was detained in Crimea on May 17, 2014, on suspicion of participation in a "terrorist group," which planned explosions near the eternal fire memorial and the Lenin monument in Simferopol on May 8th and 9th, and of having sabotaged railway tracks and electricity lines. Kolchenko is also suspected of having carried out two arson attacks: against the headquarters of the Russian Unity-party and Russian Community of Crimea on April 14th, and the office of the United Russia party in Simferopol on April 18th. The case is run by the FSB, the former KGB.

Aleksandr is an anarchist and antifascist who has participated in student and environmental actions. He has been part of campaigns against tuition fees and supported workers' rights protests. He was under constant Nazi attack for his antifascist ideas. One incident took place after a film screening about murdered anti-fascist journalist Anastasiya Baburova, where he was attacked by thirty Nazis using knives. In this context, claims by the Russian authorities that Aleksandr is part of the nationalist "Right Sector" are ridiculous, and he denies these claims.

Aleksandr is claimed to be part of a bigger group protesting against the Russian invasion of Crimea by organising direct actions. A famous film director, Oleg/Oleh Sentsov, as well as two Maydan activists, Gennadiy/Hennadiy Afanasyev and Alexei Chirniy, have also been detained under the same suspicion. All of them are claimed to be part of the Right Sector (a Ukrainian ultra-right organisation). This is a lie as apart from Chirniy none of the accused have any connection to the Right sector, and Aleksandr Kolchenko has never shared nationalist ideas. The whole case is considered to be part of the Russian campaign to take over Crimea, which includes repressions against anyone who doesn't comply with the new authority.

Aleksandr and Oleg were sentenced by the North Caucasus Military District Court in Russia to 20 and 10 years imprisonment respectively. They were charged with preparing to blow up the Lenin monument in Simferopol (Crimea), and setting fire to offices belonging to the Russian Community of Crimea and the United Russia Party in occupied Crimea. The Russian human rights movement has recognized both men as political prisoners. Aleksandr is serving time in Kopeysk penal colony as a "person inclined to spread extremist ideology."

Hennadiy was sentenced to seven years but released on June 14, 2016 after it was exposed that his testimony against himself and Aleksandr and Oleg was forced and fabricated through torture. On 14 May 2018, he went on an open-ended hunger strike protesting the incarceration of 65 Ukrainian political prisoners in Russia and demanding their release. Aleksandr Kolchenko supported the hunger strike during a week but later stopped it because of bad health condition.

Aleksandr Aleksandrovich Kolchenko 456612, Chelyabinskaya obl Kopeisk, ul. Kemerovskaya, 20, IK-6 Russia

Only letters in Russian are accepted, so you can send postcards or use machine translation in case you do not speak Russian.

Alfredo Cospito

Alfredo Cospito and Nicola Gai were arrested on September 14th, 2012 and accused of shooting Ansaldo Nucleare manager and Finmeccanica affiliate, Roberto Adinolfi, in the knees – an action carried out by Olga nucleus FAI/FRI in May 2012. In May 2015, their sentences were reduced, Alfredo's to 9 years and 5 months in prison, Nicola's to 8 years and 8 months.

In September 2016, they were declared suspects in a new case of participation in an underground organization with terrorist intentions (Informal Federation of Anarchists). In April 2019, Alfredo was sentenced to 20 years, held responsible for the possession and transport of explosives in relation to the

bomb in Parco Ducale near the Parma RIS ("scientific investigation department" of Carabinieri) of 24 October 2005 (acquitted of the crime of attack because "crime impossible" because the switch of the bomb was off), of the explosive envelope sent to the then mayor of Bologna Cofferati in 2 November 2005 (convicted of the bombing plus "possession and transportation of explosives"), of attacks with multiple explosive devices at the Carabinieri school of Fossano on June 2, 2006, and in the Crocetta district in Turin in 7 March 2007 (crime of "massacre aggravated by the fact that the goal would have been the police" and acquitted of the aggravating circumstance of political motivation), of sending explosive parcels to the then mayor of Turin (Chiamparino), to the editor of the newspaper "Torino Cronaca" (Giuseppe Fossati) and to COEMA Edilità (company involved in the restructuring of the CIE, "identification and expulsion center" for migrants) in July 2006. He is also indicated as promoter of the FAI (Federazione Anarchica Informale), recognized as a "subversive association with terrorism purposes". The aggravating circumstance of trans-nationality has fallen.

Casa Circondariale Ferrara Via Arginone 327 IT-44122 FE Italy

Andreas Krebs

Andreas is a former rebel long-term prisoner and anarchist, who was 16 years behind bars until October 2014. Now he is back in the clutches of justice. In autumn 2014, after his release, he met his current wife Jutta. Both decided to spend a quiet retirement in the south of Italy. At the end of December 2016 there was a dispute with his former employer, who attacked Andreas and strangled him. Andreas stabbed him in self-defence with a penknife. Sadly, the victim died in the hospital three days later under mysterious circumstances, although it was said shortly after the act that he would survive. In April 2019 he was sentenced in Italy to 24 years for intended murder. In addition, Andreas has recently been diagnosed with kidney cancer. His health is deteriorating and we fear for his life. Actually, he should undergo surgery months ago, but the Italian authorities refuse to transfer him to a hospital.

Andreas Krebs Sez. 1 Stz.1 Sez. Mediterraneo (CASA CIRCONDARIALE SECONDIGLIANO) Via Roma Verso Scampia, 250, Cap 80144 Napoli (NA), Italy

Azat Miftakhov

Anarchist Azat Miftakhov has been remanded in custody until March 7, 2019. Miftakhov was detained by law enforcement officers on the morning of February 1 on suspicion of making explosives. He was held for twenty-four hours at the Balashikha police station, where law enforcement officers tortured him, demanding that he make a full confession. Only on the evening of February 2 was Miftakhov officially detained and sent to the Balashikha Temporary Detention Facility.

On February 4, however, a court refused to remand him in custody due to a lack of evidence. Over the next three days, police investigators were unable to muster any evidence against Miftakhov, and so, on February 6, he was released from the temporary detention facility without charge.

As Miftakhov was leaving the detention facility, he was detained by men in plain clothes and taken to the Interior Ministry's headquarters for Moscow's Northern Administrative Division, where he was told he had been detained in another case, an investigation of alleged disorderly conduct outside the United Russia office in Khovrino on January 13, 2018. An investigation into vandalism had been opened in January 2018, but Russian law does not stipulate remanding vandalism suspects in custody during investigations. Miftakhov denies the charges against him. He believes he has been framed because of his anarchist views.

Miftakhov Azat Fanisovich, 1993 FKU SIZO-5, 125130 Moscow ul. Vyborgskaya, 20 Russia

Bill Dunne

Bill Dunne arrested in 1979 when he and Larry Giddings attempted to free fellow revolutionary Artie Ray Dufur. The two successfully freed Artie, but were arrested after an exchange of fire with police as they were fleeing the scene. Bill and Larry were charged with auto theft and aiding and abetting the escape, for which Bill received an 80-year federal prison sentence. In 1983, Bill attempted to escape prison and was sentenced to a further 15 years in prison. Bill spent seven and a half years in lockdown at the infamous maximum security Marion prison for his attempted prison break.

Bill Dunne #10916-086 FCI Victorville Medium I PO Box 3725 Adelanto, California 92301 USA

Brandon Baxter

Participant of the Cleaveland 4 case who was sentenced to 9 years and 9 months for plotting a series of bombings.

[Note: We are no longer listing Brandon Baxter because <u>he has repeatedly been manipulative and abusive toward women</u> who have offered him support, and has refused to take responsibility for his behavior. See also anarchist prisoner <u>Eric King's statement</u>.]

Casey Brezik

Casey Brezik is an anarchist from the Kansas City area. In 2010, anarchist Casey Brezik tried to assassinate the governor of Missouri. In June 2013, he was convicted and sentenced to a dozen years on each of three counts – assault and two armed criminal action charges – and seven years on a second count of assault. All sentences will run concurrently.

Casey Brezik #1154765 WRDCC 3401 Faraon St. Joseph, MO 64506 USA

Christos Rodopoulos

Most of the CCF prisoners are currently involved in a series of new trials dealing with the 250 bombings and arsons between 2008 and 2011 alleged against the organisation (including attacks on the Golden Dawn's offices, the Athens Administrative Court, and Koridallos prisons), as well as the sending of a series of 14 parcel bombs. All are also under investigation concerning the 'Phoenix' project and the 'Operation Ardire' case. On July 8, 2016, the Koridallos prison court – presided over by special judge Asimina Yfanti – convicted all members of the anarchist revolutionary organisation Conspiracy of Cells of Fire (CCF).

Christos Rodopoulos was sentenced to 75 years in prison.

Sofronistiko Katastima Domokou TK 35010 Domokos

Claudio Lavazza

Claudio Lavazza has spent his entire life in the underground anarchist struggle, taking part in armed attacks, expropriations, liberations of other combatants and in diffusing anarchist propaganda in many ways in Italy and elsewhere. He was arrested in 1996, in a bank robbery in Cordoba (Spain), during which two cops were shot dead.

The comrade has a whole of 118 years prison sentence 11 years for an armed occupation of the Italian consultant's office in Malaga, in order to send a message of solidarity to the anarchists prosecuted for the "Marini" case in Italy, 77 years from Italian courts and 30 years from a court in France.

n. ecrou 445097 D5-2G-¢44 MAH de Fleury-Mérogis 7, Avenue des peupliers 91700 Fleury-Mérogis France

Davide Delogu

An anarchist from Sardegna, convicted for 18 years for robbery and attempted murder. In 2011 made an unsuccessful attempt to run away from prison and has another case started because of it. On May 1, 2017 made another attempt to escape from prison, but failed again. He was put in isolation for half a year, and the anarchist went on hunger strike. From a letter of 9th March 2018 we learn that anarchist comrade Davide Delogu is no longer in solitary confinement. He's in a unit with other prisoners and in a cell alone. His mail is still under censorship. Books and other material are not being delivered. He sends greetings full of struggle to all.

c/o Casa di Reclusione di Rossano Kalabrien Strada Statale 106 Jonica n. 32 87067 Corigliano-Rossano (Cosenza) Italy

Doug Wright

The Cleveland 4 were four Occupy Cleveland activists, Brandon, Connor, Doug and "Skelly." The four were arrested on April 30th, 2012 and accused of plotting a series of bombings, including that of an area bridge. The reality is that the FBI, working with an informant, created the scheme, produced the explosives, and coerced these four into participating. Connor, Doug, and Brandon took non cooperating plea deals and pleaded guilty to all charges. The judge applied a "terrorist enhancement" charge to each of them. Doug is serving 11.5 years, Brandon 9 years 9 months, and Connor 8 years 1 month. Skelly took his case to trial acting as his own lawyer. He was found guilty on all counts by his jury and sentenced to 10 years. The four have appealed their cases and lost.

Doug Wright #57973-060 USP Victorville P.O. BOX 3900 Adelanto, CA 92301 USA

Dzmitry Paliyenka

Dzmitry Palijenka is a Belarusian anarchist detained on March 20, 2019. He is charged under three

articles: aggravated hooliganism (part 3 of article 339) – for a domestic conflict, when he peppersprayed a drunkard who was annoying Dzmitry; inciting other social discord (article 130) – for several pictures on social networks; as well as desecration of buildings and damage to property (article 341) – for an antipolice graffiti.

On 24 October 2018, Dzmitry was released from prison, where he spent a total of two years allegedly for assaulting a traffic policeman during Critical Mass.

Polienko Dmitry Aleksandrovich 220050 Minsk, ul. Volodarskogo, 2, SIZO-1 Belarus

Eric King

Eric was arrested and charged with an attempted firebombing of a government official's office in Kansas City, MO. Eric allegedly threw a hammer through a window of the building and then threw two lit bottles inside, though both failed to ignite. He was identified as a suspect by local police because he had previously come under suspicion for anti-government and anti-police graffiti. Eric is allegedly involved with the Kansas City Fight Back insurrectionist collective.

In his own words.

"My name is Eric. I've been an anarchist since about the age of 17; of course developing and maturing my views as I have grown. I am very active in the LGBQT, Earth, Animal, Antifa and other communities. I have organized Food Not Bombs, rallies against the Klan, and many others in support of human rights, anti-capitalism, animal rights, etc! I am an insurrectionist now. I believe that revolution starts in our own minds and once you are personally ready, then everyone has something they can do.

I value and support the solidarity and comradery received from the community now when I need it most. There is a warm feeling you get from knowing that you committed your life to something larger than yourself and getting warm wishes, kindness, and positive words which can really help someone out of a dark day. I am getting indicted this week and hopefully will be outside sooner or later. Books, stamp money, envelope money and letters would be greatly appreciated if your able and if not keep up the struggle. With love and support, EK (A) (///)"

Eric accepted a non-cooperating plea agreement in March 2016 to a federal felony charge that carries a sentence of 10 years in prison. The charge is 18 U.S.C. § 844(h), use of explosive materials to commit arson of property used in or affecting interstate commerce. On June 28, 2016 Eric was sentenced to 10 years in federal prison in the federal district court in Kansas City, Missouri, USA.

Eric King # 27090045 USP Atlanta Post Office Box 150160 Atlanta, Georgia 30315 USA

Evgeny Karakashev

On February 1, 2018, Karakashev was detained, and on February 2, 2018, arrested on suspicion of committing crimes under Part 1 of Art. 282 (the incitement of hatred and enmity) and Part 2 of Art. 205.2 (public calls for terrorism) of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation. According to the investigation, Karakashev published a video on one of his pages in social network «VKontakte» at the end of 2014, which allegedly calls for terrorism. In addition, according to the order, in January 2017, he posted from another account in a chat room for 35 people a text that contains signs of "propaganda of the ideology of violence" and "calls for terrorist activities". In April 2019, he was sentenced to 6 years of prison.

Karakashev Evgeni Vitalevich, 1978 344022 g. Rostov-na-Donu ul. Maksima Gor'kogo, 219 FKU SIZO-1 GUFSIN Russia

Fotis Tziotzis

On 24/02/16 begins the trial of anarchist Fotis Tziotzis who is accused of armed robbery and attempted homicide of DIAS cops. A month after the arrests a snitch, also accused of the robbery, gave the comrade's name and signed everything the cops told him to. The last pieces of the puzzle were filled in by well-wishing citizens and cops, who with their testimonies contributed once more to a vengeful arrest of a comrade.

Excerpt from the first letter of anarchist Fotis when he was arrested.

"In the early hours of Tuesday 12/05/2015, while eating with a friend at a restaurant, I am detained by cops of the 'crimes against life and property' force and taken to the Thessaloniki police headquarters. There, after a few hours I am informed that I am accused of armed robbery of a supermarket and attempted homicide against police. I deny all charges and refuse to cooperate with them at any level, a fact that led them to add contempt to the charges since I refused to give them a DNA sample or fingerprints.

They will not break me this time either. We continue with head held high. Strength and freedom to the real fighters. Fotis Tziotzis, Diavata prisons"

Dikastiki Fylaki Larissas TK 41110 Larissa Greece

Francesco Puglisi

Sentenced to 14 years of jail in 2012 for "devastation and looting" as well as related accessory crimes, for the clashes during the G8 summit in Genoa in 2001. He went on the run, but was arrested again in June 2013 in Barcelona and then extradited by the Spanish State.

Casa Circondariale Roma Rebibbia – Nuovo Complesso Via Raffaele Majetti, 70 – 00156 Roma Italy

Giorgos Petrakakos

In his own words:

"On September 24th and about 9 years after I had to violate my probation, I was arrested outside my house in Volos together with my wife Maria Theofilou right before the eyes of our two infant children.

It is true that I have participated in some bank robberies, however I have not participated in all the ones I am accused of, or I will be accused of. The robberies I participated in were always well organized and demanded many months of planning therefore even if I wanted to, I could not be involved in so many. Despite all this, by choice I limited myself to those which were sufficient in order for me survive and secure my safety in the tough, demanding and for practical reasons expensive life someone who is wanted lives.

I have met anarchist fighters in my two previous prison terms and I befriended some of them. I admire the anarchists, I respect their struggle, I consider them the most sensitive part of society and I believe that they have the just on their side. But I do not bother with politics, I chose my own lonely path and my only relation with revolutionary organizations is that like all people I am glad when they carry out an attack. As for the court taking place this period concerning the actions of the Revolutionary Struggle, the only "charge" I accept despite the lack of credible evidence, is that of participation in the robbery of Eurobank in Akrata, which of course has nothing to do with Nikos Maziotis and the Revolutionary Struggle in general."

On February 15, 2016 began the second trial concerning robberies accused of since 2002. The sentence from this case of up to 25 years will run consecutively with the previous sentence of 36 years.

Dikastiki Fylaki Korydallou - Eidiki Pteryga TK 18110 Korydallos Athens

Giovanni Barcia

The Malaga court of appeal sentenced the anarchists Giovani Barcia, Michele Pontolillo and Claudio Lavazza, already sentenced to 11 years on September 1999, for an incident in the Italian vice-consulate in December 1996. Three persons wearing balaclavas imprisoned the consul and an employee, sending a message of solidarity to the Italian prisoners jailed by the Judge Marini (the judge who built a false accusation against Italian anarchists) and disappeared with passports and some money. These three Italians were convicted of this, as well as a previous bank robbery with sentences of 49 years for Claudio, 48 years for Giorgio and Giovanni, 3 years for Michele.

via Arginone, 327 44122 Ferrara Italy

Ilya Romanov

Anarchist Ilya Romanov was wounded in Nizhnii Novgorod. The blast which occurred late at night severely injured his left hand and burned his face. Ilya was taken to hospital where doctors amputated his arm. Romanov explained for police that he unwarily used a pyrotechnic device. In December 2013 Romanov was charged by Article 205 through Article 30 of the Criminal Code of Russian Federation ("attempt a terrorist attack") and sentenced to 10 years of imprisonment which were later commutated to 9 years. In 2017, he was moved to a pretrial detention facility under a new accusation of calling to terrorism by allegedly posting some Jihad and anti-Putin videos on Facebook. In October 2018, he was sentenced to another 4,5 years of prison, he will have to stay behind bars for 7 more years.

Ilya Eduardovich Romanov, 1967 g.r. IK-17, 431161, Zubrovo-Polyanski raion, p. Ozerniy, ul. Lesnaya, 3 Respublika Mordoviya, Russia

Jared Chase

Nato 3: arrested on May 16, 2012 in the lead up to the anti-NATO protests in Chicago, Illinois. In January 2014 they were found guilty of possession of an incendiary device with the intent to commit arson, possession of an incendiary device with the knowledge that another intended to commit arson and mob action. They were given sentences ranging from 5 to 8 years. In November 2014, Brian Church was released on parole and in May 2015 Brent Betterly was also released.

In April 2016, Jared was sentenced to an additional year in prison for squirting a shampoo bottle of his

human waste at a correctional officer. Jared said in a letter that he acted out when he did not receive the special diet or vitamins prescribed for Huntington's disease, which is hereditary and marked early on by personality changes, irritability, impulsiveness and impaired judgment.

Jared Chase #M44710 Dixon Correctional Center 2600 North Brinton Ave Dixon, IL 61021 USA

Jennifer Amelia Rose

Jennifer Amelia Rose is an anti-authoritarian trans woman and insurrectionist amazon held captive for over 25 years for armed robberies and a 1995 attack on a district attorney and associate prison warden. She took part in the 1991 Folsom Prison hunger strike, after which she was beaten and tortured, convicted for armed resistance, and sentenced to multiple 25-to-life sentences under the Three Strikes Law. She has spent over ten years in solitary confinement at Folsom and the Pelican Bay Secure Housing Unit. Despite all of this, Jennifer continues to struggle for freedom, remaining a committed anti-authoritarian, anti-imperialist, anti-racist, anti-fascist, and anti-capitalist.

Jennifer Amelia Rose #E-23852 Salinas Valley State Prison D3-1250 P. O. Box 1050 Soledad, CA 93960-1050

Jeremy Hammond

Jeremy Hammond is an anarchist computer hacker from Chicago. He is the founder of the computer security training website HackThisSite, created in 2003 following his graduation from Glenbard East High School.

On March 5, 2012, Hammond was arrested by FBI agents in Bridgeport, Chicago ahead of an indictment unsealed the following day in the Lower Manhattan federal district court. He is one of six individuals from the United States, England and Ireland indicted, due to a cooperating witness known online as Sabu.

In November 2013, he was sentenced to 10 years in federal prison for leaking the personal information of 860,000 customers of private intelligence firm Strategic Forecasting (Stratfor) through the whistle-blowing website Wikileaks. This information revealed that Stratfor spies on activists, among others, at the behest of corporations and the U.S. government.

Jeremy Hammond, #18729-424 FCI Memphis P.O. Box 34550 Memphis, TN 38184 USA

Joaquín Garcia

Joaquín has been convicted for bombing a prison guard training facility in San Bernardo, Chile, along with his comrade Kevin Garrido. They both were arrested the day of the bombing, November 19, 2015, and were held in prison until September 2018, when the court sentenced Kevin to 17 years, and Joaquín to 13. On November 2nd, 2018, Kevin was murdered in prison by another prisoner.

In 2016, while awaiting sentence, Joaquín attacked the former boss the intelligence police during the Pinochet dictatorship inside the prison they both were held in.

Unidad Especial de Alta Seguridad Cárcel de Alta Seguridad Modulo H Norte 1902 Avenida Pedro Montt Santiago Chile

Joshua Stafford

The Cleveland 4 were four Occupy Cleveland activists, Brandon, Connor, Doug and "Skelly." The four were arrested on April 30th, 2012 and accused of plotting a series of bombings, including that of an area bridge. The reality is that the FBI, working with an informant, created the scheme, produced the explosives, and coerced these four into participating. Connor, Doug, and Brandon took non cooperating plea deals and pleaded guilty to all charges. The judge applied a "terrorist enhancement" charge to each of them. Doug is serving 11.5 years, Brandon 9 years 9 months, and Connor 8 years 1 month. Skelly took his case to trial acting as his own lawyer. He was found guilty on all counts by his jury and sentenced to 10 years. The four have appealed their cases and lost.

Joshua Stafford #57976-060
USP McCreary
P.O. BOX 3000
Pine Knot, KY 42635
USA
[Address envelope to Joshua Stafford, letter to Skelly]

Juan Aliste Vega

Marcelo Villarroel, Freddy Fuentevilla and Juan Aliste Vega were arrested in 2009 after a long international manhunt, accused of the robbery of a Santander Bank and the murder of a cop in October 2007. On July 2, 2014, the 3 comrades were sentenced in their absence, having refused to assist in the judicial show, and gave their disposition by video link. Juan was sentenced to 18 years for the homicide of Moyano + 10 years for attempted homicide on the cop Abarca + 14 years for the assault on Santander Bank in Valparaiso and Banco Security for a total of 42 years.

Juan Aliste Vega Unidad Especial de Alta Seguridad Cárcel de Alta Seguridad Modulo J 1902 Avenida Pedro Montt Santiago Chile

Juan Antonio Sorroche Fernandez

Manuel Oxoli

Juan went underground in 2017 after a warrant for his arrest was issued. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment for false identity on the occasion of an inspection in Val Clarea (Val di Susa). With more trials open and several extra years in prison, he decided to go underground and released a Communiqué from Freedom.

Juan was arrested on May 22 in Brescia, along with Manu who is being charged with the aiding and abetting. In addition, Juan is accused of unionism with the aim of terrorism and / or the overthrow of the democratic order, a terrorist act with deadly and explosive devices, massacres (§285) for the attack against the party office of "Lega Nord" in Treviso in August 2018, as well as the possession of forged documents (§497bis) and carrying weapons (due to a small knife, §4 of the Law 110/75) accused.

Juan Antonio Sorroche Fernandez Casa Circondariale di Terni Strada delle Campore, 32 05100 – Terni (Italy)

Manuel Oxoli Casa Circondariale di Monza Via San Quirico, 6 20900 – Monza (Italy)

Juan Flores

Juan Flores is serving a sentence of 23 years, having been convicted by the Chilean state for <u>incendiary attacks</u> in 2014 claimed by the Conspiracy Cells of Fire & International Conspiracy of Revenge. On July 23, 2014 a CCF cell bombed "The Dominicans" station of the Santiago Metro, and on September 8, 2014 a shopping mall in Las Condes. In both instances, measures were taken to ensure the bombs would not hurt anyone, but in the former a bag containing the bomb was moved by a Metro employee, and in the latter the police ignored a warning call the CCF cell made 10 minutes before the bomb was set to go off. As a result, the attacks ended up injuring people, so the Chilean state was able to claim they were meant to terrorize the population, and used an anti-terrorism law to obtain maximum sentencing on March 15, 2018 after proclaiming Juan guilty of both attacks. Two other comrades, Nataly Casanova and Enrique Guzman, were initially charged alongside Juan, but after over three years of imprisonment and criminal proceedings were found not guilty on all counts.

Juan Flores Riquelme Unidad Especial de Alta Seguridad/Cárcel de Alta seguritad 1902 Avda. Pedro Montt Santiago, Chile

Kirill Kuzminkin

Kirill Kuzminkin, 14, is suspected of "illegal acquisition and storage of explosives or explosive devices" (Article 222.1 CCRF) and "illegal manufacture of explosives, explosive devices". The detention took place on November 2, 2018. The FSB officers allegedly found Kirill through telephone contacts of a 17-year-old Mikhail Zhlobitsky, who on October 31, 2018 blew himself up in the regional FSB Directorate building, killing himself and injuring three FSB officers.

Kuzminkin Kirill Igorevich, 2004 FKU SIZO-5, 125130 Moscow ul. Vyborgskaya, 20 Russia

Konstantinos Giagtzoglou

Anarchist comrade Konstantinos Giagtzoglou was arrested on October 28th 2017, while exiting a hideout rented by him under a false identity and while transferring guns and explosive materials. Ntinos is accused of being a member of the Conspiracy of Cells of Fire and for sending parcel bombs to various E.U. officials including the former prime minister of Greece, Loukas Papadimos. The cops' accusations are based on a mixed DNA sample and on the fact that Ntinos was visiting a former anarchist prisoner in Korydallos prison in early 2013. The comrade stated that both renting the flat and transferring the equipment were part of "revolutionary solidarity" and denies all other charges.

Dikastiki Filaki Korydallou – A .Pteryga T.K. 18110 Korydallos Athens

Kostas Sakkas

Arrested on December 4, 2010 in Nea Smirni case (possession of weapons and explosives). In January 2014 released on bail and went on the run. In December 2014 was sentenced in absentia to 16 years. Was rearrested with Marios Seisidis in August 2016 and sentenced to 2 years and 9 months for using forged documents and car registration plates, car theft and disobedience to authorities.

On June 12, 2019, Sakkas was arrested in Thessaloniki with Giannis Dimitrakis and Dimitra Syrianou, during expropriating a guarded money transport that was about to refill an ATM at the university hospital AHEPA.

Dikastiki Fylaki Korydallou – Eidiki Pteryga, TK 18110 Korydallos Athens Greece

Lisa Dorfer

On June 7, 2017, our companion Lisa was sentenced to 7 ½ years in prison. She allegedly participated in Bank robberies in Aachen in the years of 2013-2015. One of the main evidence against Lisa was that she is an anarchist.

Lisa Dorfer C.P Brians I Carretera de Martorell a Capellades, km 23 08635, Sant Esteve Sesrovires Spain

Loïc Schneider

On August 18th, 2018, our friend and companion Loic was arrested in Nancy. The cops issued a European arrest warrant for him, which was imposed because of his alleged involvement in the Hamburg riots during the G20 summit. After three months in the underground, the repressive authorities ended our friend's freedom while trying to meet his relatives in his home town. Loic has been sitting in jail in Nancy-Maxéville ever since. He is threatened with extradition because of "serious crimes" during the protests against the most powerful criminals, despots, electoral fraudsters and warmongers in this world.

In September, he was extradited to Germany. Loïc is now in custody, 750 km from home and away from his relatives, in a country whose language he does not speak. The German investigators could well come to France to question him.

Loic Schneider UHA Hamburg (Untersuchungshaftanstalt) Holstenglacis 3 20355 Hamburg Deutschland

Maddalena Calore

Anarchist comrade Maddalena 'Madda' Calore is back in prison following her arrest under a warrant

from a previous case (she was released from prison in March 2013 following a previous period in prison). During the search of her home on March 3, 2017 the police allegedly found 'compromising' evidence, namely a toy air gun and 5 firecrackers, items that the Italian press reported as "a pistol" and "5 sticks of dynamite capable of blowing up a car".

Casa Circondariale di Uta Strada II Ovest – 09010 Uta (Cagliari) Sardegna Italia

Manfred Peter

Manfred Peter is 49 years old and has been imprisoned for over 25 years, currently in Lippstadt-Eickelborn. Manfred knows the "Autonomous "time of the 80s and is still campaigning for the decriminalisation of cannabis. He comments on current political events, such as the protests against the G20 Summit.

He has been in various forensic psychiatries and has been trying to get out on parole for some time, but has been refused permission to move to a shared flat, for example. Manfred has written greetings to AntiPrison Days in recent years, he regularly criticizes the disgusting everyday life and structures involved in forensics and calls, among other things, for anti-fascist solidarity. In July 2014, a brochure was published entitled "Resistance needs courage!" The first is Manfred's article "Destroy What We Want to Destroy", with a contribution to the hunger strike of the fighting prisoners in Greece and a report on the stay in the penitentiary institution.

Manfred is also happy about mail from psychiatry opponents (including international) to exchange ideas or discuss special questions!

Manfred Peter Eickelbornstrasse 19 59556 Lippstadt Germany

Marios Seisidis

Comrade Marios Seisidis has been acquitted of six of the robberies that he had been accused of but was found guilty of the bank heist at Solonos street and three consecutive 'attempted murder' charges (concerning the bank guard and two police officers). He has been sentenced to 36 years imprisonment in total.

Dikastiki Fylaki Korydallou A. Pteryga, TK 18110, Korydallos, Athens Greece

Marius Mason

Long-time activist in the environmental and labour movements. In March 2008, he was arrested by federal authorities for charges related to two acts of property destruction that occurred in 1999 and 2000; no one was injured in either of them. He accepted a plea bargain and was sentenced on February 5, 2009 to just under 22 years. He is now serving the longest sentence of any "Green Scare" prisoner.

Marie (Marius) Mason #04672-061 FCI Danbury Route 37 Danbury, CT 06811

Marcelo Villarroel Sepúlveda

Marcelo was a MAPU Lautaro member and political prisoner in the 1990s. Later, he was charged with taking part in the September 2007 Banco Santander robbery in Valparaíso and the October 2007 Banco Security robbery in Santiago during which repressive agent Luis Moyano died in a shootout while they were making their escape.

After a period as a fugitive, Villarroel was arrested on March 15, 2008 together with Freddy Fuentevilla in Neuquen, Argentina. They were then deported to Chile on December 15, 2009. Freddy and Juan Aliste Vega were charged with the same, and were imprisoned for years awaiting trial and had it regularly postponed.

On July 2, 2014, the 3 comrades were sentenced in their absence, having refused to assist in the judicial show, and gave their disposition by video link. Marcelo was sentenced to 14 years in prison for the assault on Santander Bank in Valparaiso and Banco Security.

Marcelo Villarroel Sepúlveda Unidad Especial de Alta Seguridad Cárcel de Alta Seguridad Modulo H Norte 1902 Avenida Pedro Montt Santiago Chile

Mauro Rossetti Busa

The investigation of the events for which he is in jail now (fire to a ENI petrol station, throwing of molotov against Casapound, escape from house arrest) seems to be ongoing. His letters are no longer being stamped as censored. In the meantime, the court in Lucca has sentenced him to 6 years for theft within an investigation on organized crime, and these have been added to a 2-year sentence for breaking the bail conditions he was previously under.

Casa Circondariale La Spezia Piazza Falcone e Borsellino 1 19125 La Spezia Italy

Michael Kimble

Michael Kimble is a black, gay anarchist serving a life sentence in Alabama for the murder of a white, homophobic, racist bigot. During his first years of imprisonment, Michael embraced communism, but soon moved away from it and toward anarchy because, as he describes it "anarchism is not about building a hierarchical structure for liberation somewhere in the distant future, but about living your life, now, in a fashion that's liberating."

Michael has a long history of both individual and collective struggle against prison authority, and continues to engage in the fight against prison slave labour as part of the Free Alabama Movement.

Michael Kimble #138017 3700 Holman Unit Atmore, AL 36503 USA

Miguel Ángel Peralta Betanzos

Miguel's community has an important history of anarchist struggle and he joined it. The struggle is for usos y costumbres [indigenous social and organizational practices] and to prevent the removal of natural resources from the community, etc. There have been intense attacks against those seeking autonomy, and among them is Miguel Ángel Peralta Betanzos.

Miguel was arrested on April 30, 2015 in Mexico City, where his family has a small business. His was at the shop when the police arrived and removed him by force from his business without any arrest warrant or paperwork. They kept him for many hours; no one knew where he was. The car that took him had no licence plates, so there was no way to identify it. No one was notified until later. He was transferred to Oaxaca and they accused him of first-degree murder, for a murder that happened in Eloxochitlán while he wasn't even there.

After a long, tedious, and exhausting trial, Miguel was sentenced on October 26th, 2018, to fifty years in prison for two crimes that he did not commit. This sentence was dictated in spite of his legal defense team presenting the necessary evidence to prove that he is not responsible for these crimes and that his case is full of legal irregularities.

To write to Miguel, send a message to solidaridadelox@gmail.com.

Nicola Gai

Alfredo and Nicola Gai were arrested on September 14, 2012 and accused of shooting Ansaldo Nucleare manager and Finmeccanica affiliate, Roberto Adinolfi, in the knees – an action carried out by Olga nucleus FAI/FRI in May 2012. In May 2015 their sentences were reduced, Alfredo's to 9 years and 5 months in prison, Nicola's to 8 years and 8 months.

In September 2016, they were declared suspects in a new case of participation in an underground organization with terrorist intentions (Informal Federation of Anarchists). In April 2019 he was sentenced to 9 years for "subversive association with terrorist purposes".

Casa Circondariale Ferrara Via Arginone 327 IT-44122 FE Italy

Nikos Maziotis

Nikos was sentenced to a 86 years' imprisonment in absentia in the Revolutionary Struggle case. His sentence was merged into 50 years. However, the maximum prison term is 25 years (which are typically served either as a full sentence or by day wages in prisons, or after the completion of 3/5 of the prison term, when a prisoner can be granted conditional release under specific conditions).

Nikos was on the run for two years, was seriously wounded and arrested on July 16, 2014, after a shootout with cops in Monastiraki.

Dikastiki Fylaki Korydallou - ST' Pteryga TK 18110 Korydallos Athens Greece

Noah "Kado" Coffin

Noah "Kado" Coffin is an anarchist prison rebel serving a 15-year sentence at the Eastham Unit in Texas,

much of which he's spent in solitary confinement. He is regularly writing about violation of prisoners rights.

Noah Coffin #1795167 2665 Prison Road #1 Lovelady, TX 75851 USA

Osman Evcan

Osman, born in 1959 in Samsun, is an anarchist prisoner who spent the last 23 years in prison. İn 1992, he was sentenced to 30 years in prison with the charges of being a member of a leftist terrorist group and robbery. He was also imprisoned for 9 years between 1980-1989. Since Osman adopted anarchist ideas in 2003, he also became vegan and supports animal liberation struggles.

Osman Evcan was imprisoned in many prisons all over the country during his conviction. He built his life fighting against authoritarian violence and especially the violence and oppression which is a systemic part of the prison's hierarchical structure, and he still continues his fight against prison's oppressive mentality, without giving an inch, aspiring to the right standards for anarchist, vegan, libertarian individuals.

Osman Evcan Silivri 9 Nolu Kapalı Cezaevi A-6-41 Kampüs PTT Şubesi Silivri-İSTANBUL Turkey

Panagiota (Pola) Roupa

On April 10, 2010, Gournas, Maziotis and Roupa were arrested on the charges of membership in the armed organisation Revolutionary Struggle. After Roupa and Maziotis were released on bail in October 2011, they went on the run. In April 2013 Pola Roupa was sentenced to 50.5 years of jail while hiding. In 2014 Nikos Maziotis was seriously wounded in the skirmish with police and arrested. In February 2016 Pola Roupa tried to set him free using a helicopter, but the attempt failed. In January 2017 Pola was arrested in a secret flat where she was hiding with her 6-year old child and another woman. In July 2018 Pola received life sentence plus 25 years in court.

Dikastiki Fylaki Korydallou Gynaikeies Fylakes T.K. 18110 Korydallos Athens Greece

Rainer Loehnert

Rainer Loehnert is 55 years old and has been locked up for more than 31 years in various prisons and mental houses, of which he has long been in isolation and on "secured stations". He is currently held in the forensic psychiatry in BedburgHau (North Rhine-Westphalia).

Rainer was admitted to a closed psychiatry by means of a "determined incapacity and negative danger prognosis according to section 63 of the Criminal Code" due to a personal injury that he suffered 32 years ago. This resulted in an unofficial, seemingly endless "preventive detention" and long-term overdose of psychotropic drugs. During his entire detention, Rainer's anti-fascist and anti-authoritarian attitudes, actions and acts of resistance were repeatedly pathologized as "morbid" and "delusional".

He opposed his unbroken will to defend himself against this prison System to the humiliation and terror

of nurses, doctors, therapists, assessors, judges, etc. and other prisoners (neo-Nazis). The fights have cost him a lot of strength and nerves. In the three decades Rainer went on hunger strikes, attempted several escape attempts, and resisted various police units as well as provocations of the staff and fellow neo-Nazi prisoners.

He participated in the hunger strike in solidarity with the struggling Prisoners in Greece in July 2014, and has repeatedly denied medication and urine checks, what is often punished with solitary confinement or fixation, forced medication.

Rainer writes and reads very much, and expressing solidarity with various struggling (ex)prisoners, such as Marco Camenisch and Gabriel Pombo da Silva. He keeps or seeks contact, among others, with some anti-prison projects and individuals and informs himself about current (anti-domination) fights.

He tries get in touch with (fighting) people from inside and outside of prison around the world. Rainer speculates about current (anarchist) struggles, especially in Europe, as well as anarchist newspaper projects, but also "classics" of anarchist theories and practices.

Rainer Loehnert Südlicher Rundweg 20a Haus F1, Station 1 47551 Bedburg Hau Deutschland

Rodrigo Lanza

Rodrigo Lanza was arrested in 2006 for being accused of attacking a cop after evicting a squat in Barcelona after a party. During the following riots, someone threw a pot from the upper floors of the house, injuring one of the cops ("a bastard of the urban guard"), causing him to be paraplegic.

The cops needed a scapegoat and after a long trial Rodrigo Lanza was sentenced to five years imprisonment, where he was tortured, beaten and abused by the police for the simple reason that he is Chilean. After this long time in jail, he was finally released.

On December 7, 2017, Rodrigo was in Zaragoza with friends in a bar where they met a well-known Nazi: the 55-year-old Victor Lainez, a member of the fascist Falange Nacional. Lainez attacked Rodrigo with a knife, causing a confrontation in front of the bar and a blow to the neck of the Nazi, causing him to fall into a coma. His family decided days later to turn off the machines and free the world from his presence.

Rodrigo was quickly arrested and charged with involvement in the death of the Nazi. Rodrigo is since then in, the proceedings are against him. The prosecutor demands 25 years in prison.

Rodrigo Lanza Apdo. de correos nº 33044 Ronda Universitat, 23 08007 Barcelona Spain

Sam Faulder

Sam Faulder is an anarchist prisoner currently serving a life sentence in England. Sam is a miscarriage of justice who has done over ten years in the prison system for a murder she did not commit. She is now working with Cardiff University's Innocence Project on her appeal.

Sam was diagnosed with cancer in 2016. She could have had simple laser therapy as an early intervention, however, the private prison company Sodexo running the prison cancelled more than 9 appointments for surgery. As a result, Sam's cancer has now spread and they are no longer able to operate further. She will

begin radio-chemotherapy this summer. You can read the full cancer timeline on her website.

Samantha Faulder A1209CF HMP Foston Hall Foston, Derby, Derbyshire DE65 5DN England

Sean Swain

Sean Swain is a hostage held by a lawless rogue-state calling itself "The State of Ohio." He has been held without legal conviction or sentence since 1991 for the self-defence killing of a court official's relative who broke into Sean's home and threatened his life. In fall of 2012, prisoners calling themselves the Army of the 12 Monkeys (A12M) got rowdy at Mansfield Correctional, and the prison authorities assumed "that anarchist" Sean Swain must have been behind it and threw him in supermax isolation. Sean denies any involvement or affiliation with the A12M and is in the process of suing the ODRC for targetting him based exclusively on his ideology and political speech. Sean is the only son of a retired auto worker and stay-home mom. He has renounced his high school diploma, his college degree, and his honourable discharge from the U.S. military.

Before being taken hostage, Sean worked as a newspaper columnist and as a union organizer. Sean is mounting his third run for Governor of Ohio in 2014. If elected, he promises to decommission the Ohio National Guard, empty Ohio's prisons and turn them into squats, recognize Native American land rights as set forth by the Treaty of Greenville, arm the tribes with national guard weaponry, to include tanks and attack helicopters, refuse to sign any budget causing the government to shut down, and sign an Executive Order making it legal to assassinate him if he remains in office longer than 90 days.

Though innocent of any crime, and though he is held without legal conviction or sentence, Sean will only be liberated when the illegitimate power of the lawless rogue state holding him hostage is abolished once and for all.

Sean Swain #2015638 Buckingham Correctional Center P. O. Box 430 Dillwyn VA 23936 USA

Soheil Arabi

Soheil is an anarchist political prisoner from Iran who was arrested in December 2013 by the Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) and sentenced to death for insulting the Prophet and other sanctities. He was kept two months in solitary confinement and subjected to relentless interrogations in Ward 2A, which is under the control of the IRGC.

In July 2015, his death sentence was commuted to 7.5 years in prison. But then again, in October 2018, he was sentenced to another 3 years in prison and exile to Borazjan, in southern Iran.

He initiated a hunger strike Saturday, June 15, 2019. Now he has ended this protesting action after being transferred from Fashafouyeh Prison to Evin Prison in northern Tehran according to his own requirements.

This is the third time Soheil Arabi has gone on hunger strike, this time to protest poor prison conditions, violent mistreatment of prisoners by prison guards and officials, and various deprivations in prison.

Last April, Soheil Arabi was seriously hurt when he defended a few ordinary prisoners against mistreatment and beating by guards.

Soheil's mother, Farangis Mazloum, is currently under interrogation in a solitary confinement in Evin prison.

To send a letter, write to info@asranarshism.com

Spyros Christodoulou

On May 29th 2015, during an anti-terrorist operation of the Greek police in the area of Nea Anchialos in Magnesia (in close distance to the city of Volos), Spyros Dravilas fell dead inside a safe house under unverified circumstances. The police operation against dubbed 'Distomo robbers' resulted not only in the death of Spyros Dravilas (an illegalist and ex-prisoner in struggle), but also in the arrest of Grigoris Tsironis (an anarchist comrade, very active over the past two decades, who was on the run since 2006) and Spyros Christodoulou (an illegalist and unruly ex-prisoner).

Dikastiki filaki Larissas TK 41110 Larissa Greece

Tamara Sol Farias Vergara

Charged on January 21, 2014, with the shooting of a security guard BancoEstado in revenge for the death of the anarchist comrade Sebastian Overluij. She was stopped when entering a nearby station a with the loaded revolver. Sol is the niece of the Vergara brothers, killed by the dictatorship and granddaughter of Luisa and Manuel, who have held a memorial every March 29th, the day that their children were murdered.

On February 4, 2015, the court in Santiago issued its judgment against Tamara Sol. The court acknowledged the mitigating factor of her previous irreproachable conduct, but denied that Tamara Sol substantially collaborated in clarifying the facts, considering that neither her statement given to the prosecution at the stage of the investigation with which she admitted to the facts, nor her consent to the realisation of several expert reports contributed anything, since the evidence was already available to the authorities from the moment of her arrest. In addition, the defense's proposed mitigating circumstance of diminished capacity, based on expert testimonies by psychologists, was dismissed.

In fact, the presiding judge adopted the prosecution's argument that spoke of a premeditated action, alleging that this has been demonstrated by the cry "revenge for Sebastián" attributed to Tamara Sol at the time of opening fire on the guard, and emphasising the fact she chose not to make any declaration during the trial. Thus, while the defense sought recognition of two mitigating circumstances in order to request a sentence of 3 to 5 years and the application of the alternative sentence of release under intensive supervision instead of actual imprisonment, this objective was not reached.

In particular, Tamara Sol Farías Vergara was convicted of aggravated attempted homicide and sentenced to 7 years in prison, perpetual absolute disqualification from holding any public duty and office and from practising political rights, and absolute disqualification from maintaining or obtaining any professional licence for the duration of the prison sentence. She was also convicted of theft regarding the gun of the security guard and sentenced to 61 days in prison and a fine of almost 215,000 Chilean pesos (300 euros) and ordered to pay the court costs.

In January 2018, Tamara tried to escape from the prison of Valparaiso and was injured by the barbed wire as well as by the guards who beat her after the escape attempt. She has since been moved several times to various prisons and is currently in the most brutal prison of Llancahue in Valdivia.

Tamara Sol Farías Vergara Complejo Penitenciario Valdivia Av. Ramon Picarte 4100

Thomas Meyer-Falk

Red anarchist skinhead Thomas Meyer-Falk still refuses to collaborate with any psychiatric reviewers. The comrade was arrested for a bank robbery, and has been incarcerated since 1996. Not only was he not released but, on top of that, he was recently transferred to another prison. From 1998 he was in Bruchsal; since early July 2013 he has been held "preventively for security reasons" in the notorious hellhole of Freiburg.

JVA (Sicherungsverwahrungs-Abteilung) Hermann-Herder-Str. 8 D-79104 Freiburg Germany

Vladislav Barabanov

A Russian anarchist detained in Moscow on July 27, 2019, arrested on August 3, 2019 and charged with taking part in mass disorders – the protest action in support of independent candidates running for Moscow municipality. Awaiting trial.

FKU SIZO-4 'Medved' 127081 Moscow ul. Viluyskaya, 4 Russia

Vincenzo Vecchi

Winchenzo was arrested on August 8, 2019 in France, after 18 being at large. In July 2012 he was sentenced by the Italian Supreme Court to 11 years and 6 months in prison for the clashes during G8 protests in 2001.

Centre pénitentiaire de Rennes-Vezin Rue du Petit Pré 35132 Vezin-le-Coquet France

Scripta Manent operation:

In the early hours of September 6, an operation coordinated by the Digos [political police] of Turin led the searches of 30 homes in various Italian regions (Piedmont, Liguria, Lazio, Umbria, Lombardy, Abruzzo, Campania, Sardinia and Emilia Romagna) and the arrest of five anarchist comrades accused of subversive association with terrorist intent; in addition, a notification in prison for Nicola Gai and Alfredo . Cospito. The operation, called "Scripta Manent" [from Latin proverb "verba volant, scripta manent" spoken words fly away, written words remain], tries to attribute to a single direction a series of direct actions claimed by the Informal Anarchist Organization, reproducing in this way thesame repressive strategies of some previous operations, such as Servantes and Boldness ("Ardire"), and trying to impose an associative and vertical structure on the expressions of anarchist conflictuality. In particular, the attacks inserted in this investigation include the parcel-bombs sent to the CPT's [detention centres for immigrants] director in Modena in May 2005, to the traffic-cops barracks in Torino-San Salvario and to the chief-police of Lecce (claimed by FAI/Narodnaja Volja), the explosive device against the RIS barracks [carabinieri forensics] in Parma (October 24, 2005, claimed by FAI/Cooperativa Artigiana Fuoco e Affini-occasionalmente spettacolare), the parcel-bomb sent to the Mayor of Bologna Sergio Cofferati (November 2, 2005, claimed by FAI/Cooperativa Artigiana Fuoco e Affini-occasionalmente spettacolare), the devices against the carabinieri cadets' barracks in Fossano (June 2, 2006, claimed by FAI/RAT-Rivolta Anonima e Tremenda), the devices placed in the Turin neighbourhood, Crocetta (March 7, 2007, claimed by FAI/RAT); among the other actions also the wounding of Adinolfi (May 7, 2012), despite the fact that two comrades have already been convicted and have publicly claimed this attack, to corroborate the crime of association. It seems that the investigators, felt the need to structure their clues, used even linguistic and graphology experts, in addition to electronic and computer surveillance, and tailing.

In April 2019, the court made its verdict. Alfredo was sentenced to 20 years.

Anna was sentenced to 17 years for the Crocetta and Fossano bombs (2006 and 2007) and for the explosive packets of July 2006 (the same three for which was sentenced Alfredo), as well as for a "subversive association with terrorist purposes" as promoter of the FAI.

Nicola was sentenced to 9 years for "subversive association with terrorist purposes".

Marco and Sandro were sentenced to 5 years for participation in a "subversive association with terrorist purposes".

All the other defendants were acquitted (for all 23 comrades the main charge was of "subversive association with the purpose of terrorism and subversion of the democratic order" and only for some comrades of "instigation to commit a crime" and "terrorist attack").

Marco Bisesti:

Casa Circondariale San Michele Strada Cassale 50/A 15121 AL Įtaly

Alessandro Mercogliano:

Casa Circondariale di Ferrara Via Arginone 327 44122 Ferrara FE Italy

Anna Beniamino:

C. C. de L'Aquila via Amiternina 3 Località Costarelle di Preturo 67100 L'Aquila Italia (Italy)

OPERATION SCINTILLA (TORINO)

On 2019 Thursday February 7, early in the morning, hundreds of cops with the help of the fire brigade stormed the Asilo, an anarchist squat in Torino that has been occupied since 1995 and was very active in the organization of social struggles (against evictions, against prisons for migrants, still a few years ago against the TAV...). People climbed on to the roof, where they resisted for over 24 hours. In the end, the cops managed to get everyone out, evict and smash the building.

In addition to evicting the premises, the aim of this repressive operation was to arrest some people accusing them of terrorist association. The 6 arrested comrades (a seventh person is on the run) are accused of 21 attacks against companies and institutions (including the French Embassy and several Post Offices) connected to the detention and expulsion of migrants.

In the following days several solidarity gatherings took place in the neighbourhood and turned into wild demonstrations. Two comrades were arrested during the first one of these demonstrations. Two days later a big march with more than 1,000 people crossed the centre of the Torino, smashing some corporate and urban targets and fighting with the police. Four people were injured and one of them is in bad conditions for being hit by a police van. Unfortunately other 8 comrades were arrested at the end of this march, were beaten by the cops and were charged with "devastazione e saccheggio" (devastation and pillage) which carry up to 15 years of prison. The day after, like almost every day, a solidarity demo was held outside of the prison of Torino where the comrades are imprisoned. Some fireworks were launched and managed to reach the inside of the prison, causing the explosion of some gas tanks which lead to the complete demolition and collapse of a section of the prison (none was injured). Sometimes "Fire to the prisons" is not just a slogan!

On the 13th of February all the comrades arrested during the march and previous demos were released and the heaviest charges were dropped, they are now free but forced to sign every day at the police station. The other comrades arrested with charges of terrorism remain in jail, the male comrades have already been transferred to a high-security prison.

Silvia Ruggeri

C. C. de L'Aquila via Amiternina 3 Località Costarelle di Preturo 67100 L'Aquila Italia (Italy)

Operation Renata

On the night of Tuesday morning, 19 February 2019, seven anarchists were arrested at various places in Trentino: Agnese, Giulio, Nico, Poza, Rupert, Sasha, Stecco. One person was placed under house arrest while all others were detained in various prisons.

The main allegations are "subversive association for the purpose of terrorism and the undermining of the democratic order" and "terrorist attack" referring to some direct actions that have taken place in recent

years in Trentino. Other offences they are accused of are: "Public Service Outage", "Damage", "Sabotage of Telematics Equipment", "Fire" and "Transport of Explosive Material". At the same time, 50 house searches were carried out, mobilizing about 150 police officers and carabinieri for the repressive operation (named "Operation Renata", apparently a name derived from the nickname of a car used by some vehicles). The investigations were carried out by Digos (state police) and ROS (Carabinieri).

Luca Dolce

C. C. di Ferrara via Arginone 327 44122 Ferrara Italia [Italy]

Operation Prometeo

On May 21, 2019, three anarchist companions Natascia, Beppe and Robert were arrested as part of another repressive operation called "Prometeo" (Prometheus) of the Carabinieri ROS. There were also some searches. The media report that the main accusation is "Terrorist or Subversion Attack" because they were ordered to send three parcel bombs in June 2017 to P.M. Rinaudo and Sparagna (the latter being the prosecutor in the case of Operation Scripta manent) and Santi Consolo, the then Director of the DAP (Department of Penitentiary Administration) in Rome.

Natascia Savio

C.C. de L'Aquila via Amiternina 3 Località Costarelle di Preturo 67100 L'Aquila Italia [Italy]

Robert Firozpoor

C. C. di Sassari – Bancali strada provinciale 56, n. 4 Località Bancali 07100 Sassari Italia [Italy]

Giuseppe Bruna

C / O CR Rossano Contrada Ciminata snc 87064 Corigliano-Rossano (CS) Italia [Italy]

OPERATION PANICO (FIRENZE)

On the 1st of January 2017 a home-made bomb exploded in front of a fascist bookshop in Firenze, and a policeman from the bomb disposal unit lost a hand and an eye.

Immediately several houses of anarchist comrades were searched in the city. The police were hoping to find firearms and/or explosives. An investigation against persons unknown was launched with intention to charge someone with the offences of "manufacturing, possession, and transportation of an explosive or incendiary device to a public place" and "attempted murder".

At the same time the police began a separate operation called "Operazione Panico" (Operation Panic) at the end of January. Several anarchist houses were searched and some comrades arrested. 35 people were directly targeted, suspected for a series of contested events which happened in the city in 2016. They were charged with the offence of "*membership of a criminal organisation*". These events include an attack with clubs and bricks on the fascist bookshop, an explosion at the same bookshop and distribution of antimilitarist leaflets at a local market. The operation also lead to the eviction of Villa Panico, one of

Florence's historic squats which had been occupied for the past 10 years.

On the 3rd of August, a joint nation-wide operation between the DIGOS (the police special operations unit), the ROS (the Carabinieri's special operations unit) and the counter-terrorism police ended up in 8 further arrests: 6 in Florence, 1 in Rome and 1 in Lecce. Five comrades were charged with attempted homicide for the New-eve bombing, the others with the offence of "manufacturing, possession, and transportation of an explosive or incendiary device to a public place". The second charge relates to a molotov attack against a Carabinieri barracks.

In July 2019 28 anarchist comrades were convicted and sentenced at the conclusion of the Operation Panic trial.

Ghespe – 9 years Giova – 9 years, 10 months and 15 days Paska – 9 years and 10 months For all the others the sentences range from one month to six years.

Russian Torture Cases

There has been heavy repression of anarchists and antifascists by the Russian Federal Security Service (FSB). In October 2017, FSB officers arrested six antifascists who played airsoft in the woods. The FSB planted weapons and explosives in some of their vehicles, and tortured them in pre-trial detention—beating them, hanging them upside down, electrocuting them, and threatening them with even worse. This torture was used to force the arrestees to validate forged testimony professing that they are part of an alleged terrorist "network." At the end of January 2018, two more antifascists were arrested in St. Petersburg. They were also beaten, tortured by means of electrical shock, and forced to agree that they too were members of this invented "network."

As of now, seven anti-fascists are behind bars and another is under house arrest. All are facing up to a decade in prison. We encourage you to read more about the case in the links below. We have included addresses for those who have them listed.

More information: https://itsgoingdown.org/why-the-torture-cases-of-anarchists-in-russia-matters/
https://rupression.com/en/person/

Maxim Ivankin

Ivankin Maxim Sergeevich, 1995 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Mikhail Kulkov

Kulkov Mikhail Alexeevic, 1994 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Yuliy Boyarshinov

Boyarshinov Yuliy Nikolayevich, 1991 FKU SIZO-3 FSIN 191123 St. Petersburg ul. Shpalernaya, d. 25 Russia

Andrey Chernov

Chernov Andrei Sergeevich, 1989 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Victor Filinkov

Filinkov Victor Sergeevich, 1994 FKU SIZO-3 FSIN 191123 St. Petersburg ul. Shpalernaya, d. 25 Russia

Vasiliy Kuksov

Kuksov Vasiliy Alekseevich, 1988 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Dmitriy Pchelintsev

Pchelintsev Dmitry Dmitrievich, 1992 440042, Penza ul. Molodogvardeyskaya, 9 PKU IK No. 4 PFRSI Russia

Arman Sagynbaev

Sagynbaev Arman Dauletovich 1992 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Ilya Shakurskiy

Shakurskiy Ilya Alexandrovich, 1996 SIZO-1, 440039, Penzenskaya obl. Penza, ulitsa Karakozova 30 Russia

Igor Shishkin - signed a cooperation plea, so we are not listing his address.

Please note: Moscow ABC advises that letters in English are seldom accepted in Russian prisons, so please write only in Russian (try using a translation program), or just send photos and postcards.

- Anarsist/Anti-Otoriter Tutsaklar
 - 1. Hasan Cınar: 1 Nolu F Tipi Cezaevi A7/21 İzmit/ Kocaeli
 - 2. Gökhan Kaya: 1 Nolu T-Tipi Kapalı Cezaevi D-4 Koğuşu Kandıra Kocaeli
 - 3. Yusuf Şut: 1 Nolu T-Tipi Kapalı Cezaevi C-5 Koğuşu Kandıra KOCAELİ
 - 4. Fercan Kaya: 1 Nolu F-Tipi Cezaevi C-12-102 06930 Sincan ANKARA
 - 5. Rafet Ünal: 1 Nolu F-Tipi Cezaevi C-5-81 06930 Sincan ANKARA
 - 6. Ali Rıza Ula: T-Tipi Kapalı Cezaevi A-Tekli Üst Oda NO: 43 MANİSA
 - 7. Umut Fırat Süvarioğulları: 1 Nolu F Tipi Hapishane A Tek 2. Hücre Buca, Kırıklar / İZMİR
 - 8. Mehmet Boğatekin: T Tipi Cezaevi A-28 Burhaniye/Balıkesir
 - 9. Erbay Dalbudak: M Tipi Cezaevi A-3 Silifke/Mersin
 - 10. Şevket Aslan: 3 Nolu T Tipi A-27 Koğuş Yeni Şakran, Aliağa / İzmir
 - 11. Mesut Aydin (i harfi ile): Mardin Kapalı Cezaevi 4. Blok Mardin